SECTORS OF INDIAN ECONOMY

CLASS –IX & X PART -2

# FACTORS OF PRODUCTION

#### 1. Land

2. Laboura) Skilled Labourb) Unskilled Labour

3. Capitala) Fixed Capitalb) Working Capital

# FIXED & VARIABLE FACTORS

 Fixed Factors : Fixed variables are constant regardless of level of production.

\* Eg: Land

 Variable Factors: Variable factors that change as production changes.

Eg: Labour
Wages
Profit

# **ROLE OF PRIMARY SECTOR**

- Backbone of Indian Economy.
- Provide raw-material to industries.
- Create employment opportunities.
- Reduce Poverty & Unemployment.
- Basic sector for secondary sector.
- Leads Secondary and Tertiary sector.
- Increase in Per-capita income.
- Increase in National income.
- □ Increase in Productivity.
- □ Increase in GDP.

### **ROLE OF SECONDARY SECTOR**

- Product Diversification.
- Modernisation.
- Create Employment Opportunities.
- Improve standard of living of people.
- Increase in National Income.
- □ Increase in GDP.
- □ Increase in Per-Capita income.
- Technical up gradation.

# **ROLE OF TERTIARY SECTOR**

- Act as a service sector.
- Provide aid to trade.
- Improve basic infrastructure.
- Facilitate goods from the place of production to consumption.
- Improve the standard of living of the people.
- Technical up-gradation.
- Increase in National income.

# **ORGANISED SECTOR**

- Terms of employment is regular.
- Registered by govt.
- High wages & salaries.
- Get annual increment and other allowances.
- Rules & regulations are followed here.
- Working hours are fixed.
- Working conditions are favourable.
- Skilled and Unskilled labour.
- Workers have job security.

# UNORGANISED SECTOR

- Workers do not have job security
- Get Daily wages
- Rules & Regulations are not followed
- Workers do not get any benefit
- Working hours are not fixed.
- Working conditions are not favourable
- Mostly unskilled labour are working here.

